

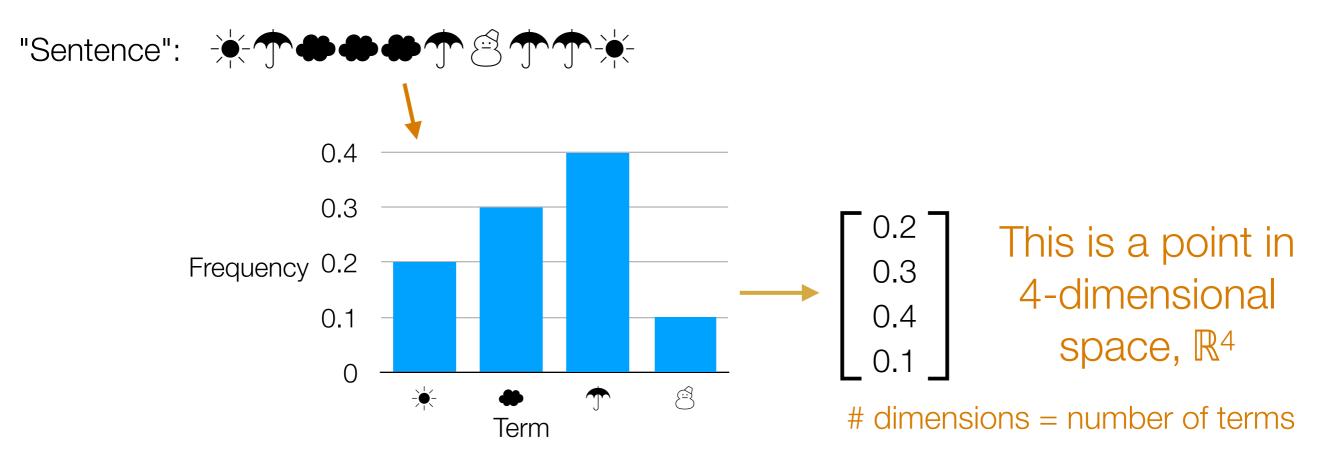
95-865: Unstructured Data Analytics

Lecture 3: Finding possibly related entities

George Chen

Recap: Basic Text Analysis

- Represent text in terms of "features" (such as how often each word/phrase appears)
 - Can repeat this for different documents: represent each document as a "feature vector"



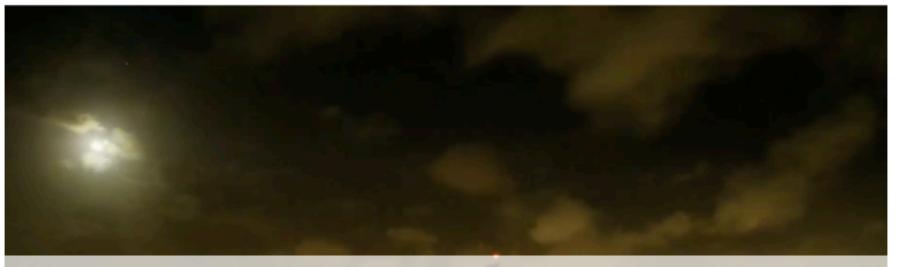
In general (not just text): first represent data as feature vectors

So far: look at how frequently individual "flashcards"/terms appear

What about how two different terms *co-occur*?

Elon Musk's Tesla Powerwalls Have Landed in Puerto Rico





How to automatically figure out Elon Musk and Tesla are related?



The solar batteries have reportedly been spotted in San Juan's airport.

By John Patrick Pullen October 16, 2017

Exactly one week after Tesla CEO Elon Musk suggested his company could help with Puerto Rico's electricity crisis in the aftermath of Hurricane Maria, more of the company's Powerwall battery packs have arrived on the island, according to a photo snapped at San Juan airport Friday, Oct. 13.

Source: http://fortune.com/2017/10/16/elon-musks-tesla-powerwalls-have-landed-in-puerto-rico/

Co-Occurrences

For example: count # news articles that have different named entities co-occur

	Apple	Facebook	Tesla
Elon Musk	10	15	300
Mark Zuckerberg	500	10000	500
Tim Cook	200	30	10

Big values \rightarrow *possibly* related named entities

Different Ways to Count

- Just saw: for all doc's, count # of doc's in which two named entities co-occur
 - This approach ignores # of co-occurrences *within a specific document* (e.g., if 1 doc has "Elon Musk" and "Tesla" appear 10 times, we count this as 1)
 - Could instead add # co-occurrences, not just whether it happened in a doc
- Instead of looking at # doc's, look at co-occurrences within a sentence, or a paragraph, etc

Bottom Line

- There are many ways to count co-occurrences
- You should think about what makes the most sense/is reasonable for the problem you're looking at

Co-Occurrences

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Big values \rightarrow possibly related named entities

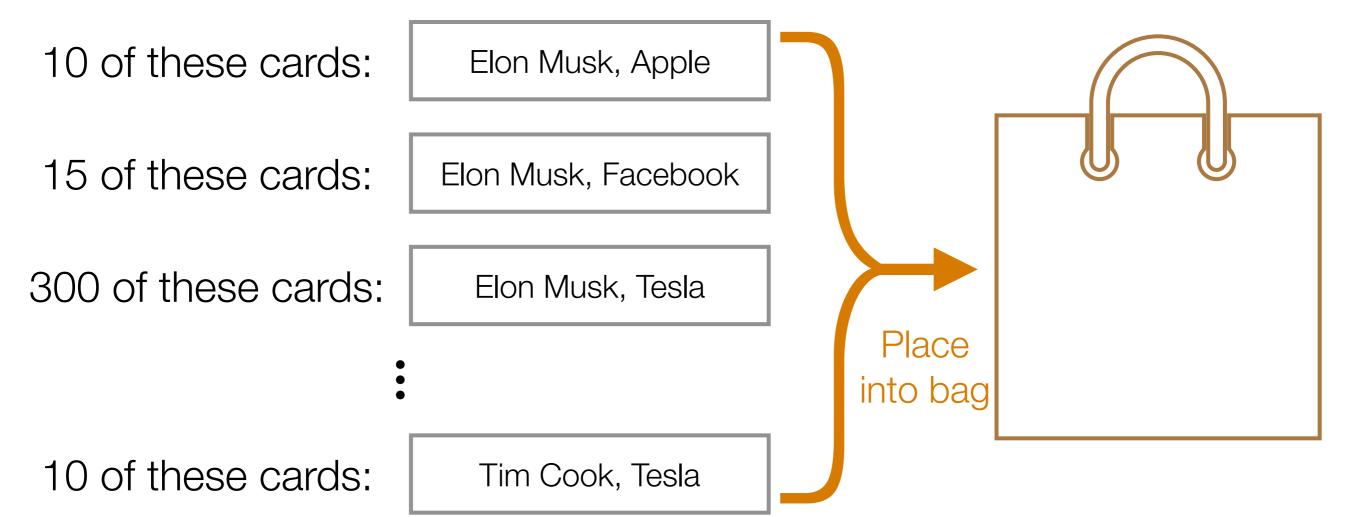
How to downweight "Mark Zuckerberg" if there are just way more articles that mention him?

Key idea: what would happen if people and companies were independent?

	Apple	Facebook	Tesla
Elon Musk	10	15	300
Mark Zuckerberg	500	10000	500
Tim Cook	200	30	10

Probability of drawing "Elon Musk, Apple"?

Probability of drawing a card that says "Apple" on it?

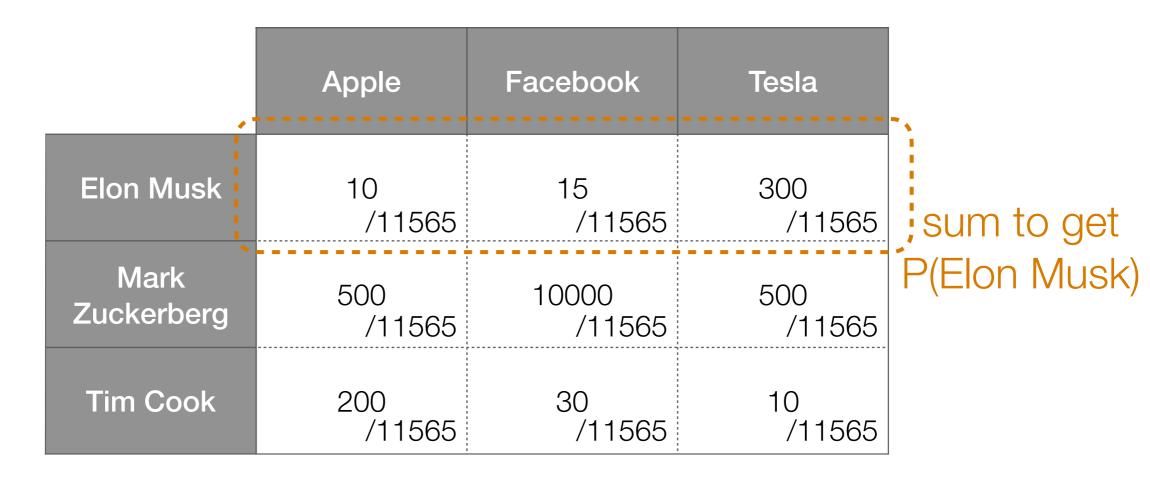


Co-occurrence table

	Apple	Facebook	Tesla
Elon Musk	10	15	300
Mark Zuckerberg	500	10000	500
Tim Cook	200	30	10

Total: 11565

Joint probability table



Total: 11565

Joint probability table

	Apple	Facebook	Tesla	
Elon Musk	0.00086	0.00130	0.02594	0.02810
Mark Zuckerberg	0.04323	0.86468	0.04323	0.95115
Tim Cook	0.01729	0.00259	0.00086	0.02075
	0.06139	0.86857	0.07004	-

Recall: if events A and B are independent, P(A, B) = P(A)P(B)

Joint probability table if people and companies were independent

	Apple	Facebook	Tesla	
Elon Musk	0.00173	0.02441	0.00197	0.02810
Mark Zuckerberg	0.05839	0.82614	0.06662	0.95115
Tim Cook	0.00127	0.01802	0.00145	0.02075
	0.06139	0.86857	0.07004	

Recall: if events A and B are independent, P(A, B) = P(A)P(B)

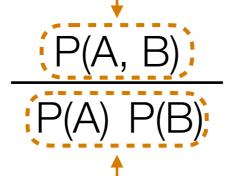
What we actually observe

What should be the case if people are companies were independent

	Apple	Facebook	Tesla
Elon Musk	0.00086	0.00130	0.02594
Mark Zuckerberg	0.04323	0.86468	0.04323
Tim Cook	0.01729	0.00259	0.00086
	Apple	Facebook	Tesla
Elon Musk	Apple 0.00173	Facebook 0.02441	Tesla 0.00197
Elon Musk Mark Zuckerberg			

Pointwise Mutual Information (PMI)

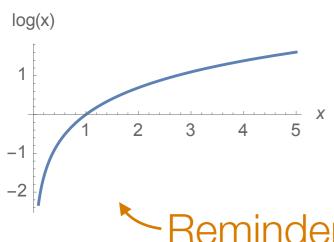
Probability of A and B co-occurring



if equal to 1 \rightarrow A, B are indep.

Probability of A and B co-occurring if they were independent

PMI(A, B) is defined as the log of the above ratio



PMI measures (the log of) a ratio that says how far A and B are from being independent

Reminder: this is what log looks like!

Recap: Use PMI to Rank Specific Person/Company Pairs

$$PMI(A, B) = \log \frac{P(A, B)}{P(A) P(B)}$$

- More positive value means a specific pair appears much more likely than if they were independent
- More negative value means a specific pair appears much less likely than if they were independent
- In practice: need to be careful with named entities that extremely rarely occur
- Sometimes people consider only pairs with positive PMI values to be interesting (called *positive PMI or PPMI*)

What about figuring out if people (as a whole)/ companies (as a whole) is an "interesting" relationship?

For example, perhaps we want to understand how different entity types are related (e.g., people/companies, people/locations, people/dates, companies/locations, etc)

There can be many such pairings, and we may only want to focus on a few

Looking at All Pairs of Outcomes

- PMI measures how P(A, B) differs from P(A)P(B) using a log ratio
- Log ratio isn't the only way to compare!
- Another way to compare:

$$\frac{[P(A, B) - P(A) P(B)]^2}{P(A) P(B)}$$
Phi-squared =
$$\sum_{A, B} \frac{[P(A, B) - P(A) P(B)]^2}{P(A) P(B)}$$

Chi-squared = $N \times Phi$ -square

Phi-squared is between 0 and min(#rows, #cols)-1

- $0 \rightarrow pairs are all indep.$
- Measures how close *all* pairs of outcomes are close to being indep.

N = sum of all co-occurrence counts

There's also a variant of these that is always between 0 and 1: Cramér's V = Sqrt(Phi-squared / [min(#rows, #cols)-1])

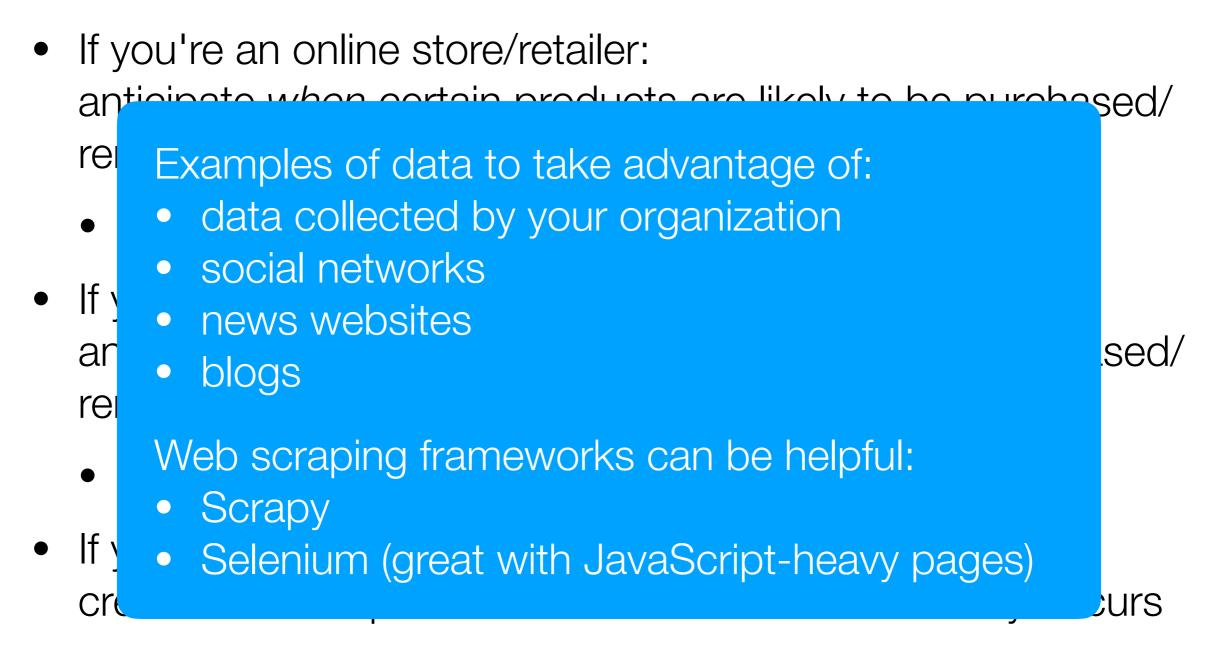
Phi-Squared/Chi-Squared/Cramér's V Calculation

Demo

Co-occurrence Analysis Applications

- If you're an online store/retailer: anticipate when certain products are likely to be purchased/ rented/consumed more
 - Products & dates
- If you have a bunch of physical stores: anticipate *where* certain products are likely to be purchased/ rented/consumed more
 - Products & locations
- If you're the police department: create "heat map" of where different criminal activity occurs
 - Crime reports & locations

Co-occurrence Analysis Applications



• Crime reports & locations